

Unit 4 Test C Practice Test

Name KEY

Find the exact value of the function without using a calculator.

1. $\tan \frac{14\pi}{6} = \tan \frac{\pi}{3} = \sqrt{3}$

2. $\cos 600^\circ = \cos 240^\circ = -\frac{1}{2}$

3. $\sin \frac{19\pi}{4} = \sin \frac{3\pi}{4} = \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}$

4. $\csc 540^\circ = \csc 180^\circ = \text{Undefined}$

5. $\sec (-30)^\circ = \sec 330^\circ = \frac{2}{\sqrt{3}} = \frac{2\sqrt{3}}{3}$

6. $\cot \frac{-\pi}{3} = -\frac{1}{\sqrt{3}} = -\frac{\sqrt{3}}{3}$

7. $\cos (-210)^\circ = \cos 150^\circ = -\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}$

8. $\sin \frac{-4\pi}{3} = \sin \frac{2\pi}{3} = \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}$

Find the exact value of the expression. Give the answer in both degrees and radians.

$$1. \sin^{-1} \frac{1}{2} = 30^\circ, \frac{\pi}{6}$$

$$2. \cos^{-1} \frac{-\sqrt{3}}{2} = 150^\circ, \frac{5\pi}{6}$$

$$3. \tan^{-1}(1) = 45^\circ, \frac{\pi}{4}$$

$$4. \tan^{-1} \left(\frac{-1}{\sqrt{3}} \right) = -30^\circ, -\frac{\pi}{6}$$

$$5. \cos^{-1} \left(\frac{1}{2} \right) = 60^\circ, \frac{\pi}{3}$$

$$6. \sin^{-1} \left(\frac{-\sqrt{3}}{2} \right) = -60^\circ, -\frac{\pi}{3}$$

Solve each equation between $0 \leq \theta < 360$ or $0 \leq \theta < 2\pi$

9. $\sqrt{2} \sin \theta - 1 = 0$

$$\sqrt{2} \sin \theta = 1$$

$$\sin \theta = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}$$

$$\sin \theta = \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}$$

$$\theta = 45^\circ, \frac{\pi}{4}$$

$$\theta = 135^\circ, \frac{3\pi}{4}$$

10. $\tan^2 \theta + 2 \tan \theta + 1 = 0$

$$(\tan \theta + 1)(\tan \theta + 1) = 0$$

$$\tan \theta + 1 = 0 \quad \tan \theta + 1 = 0$$

$$\tan \theta = -1 \quad \tan \theta = -1$$

$$\theta = 135^\circ, 315^\circ$$

$$\frac{3\pi}{4}, \frac{7\pi}{4}$$

11. $-2 \sin \theta = 1$

$$\sin \theta = -\frac{1}{2}$$

$$\theta = 210^\circ, 330^\circ$$

$$\theta = \frac{7\pi}{6}, \frac{11\pi}{6}$$

12. $\sqrt{3} \tan(\theta) + 1 = 2$
-1 -1

$$\sqrt{3} \tan \theta = 1$$

$$\tan \theta = \frac{1}{\sqrt{3}}$$

$$\theta = 30^\circ, 210^\circ$$

$$\frac{\pi}{6}, \frac{7\pi}{6}$$

13. $\cos\left(\theta + \frac{\pi}{6}\right) = \frac{1}{2}$

$$\cos(\theta + 30^\circ) = \frac{1}{2}$$

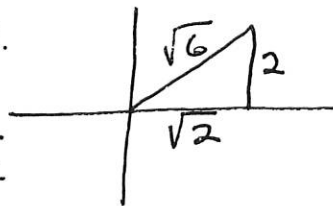
$$\theta + 30^\circ = 60^\circ \quad \theta + 30 = 300^\circ$$

$$\theta = 30^\circ \quad \theta = 270^\circ$$

1. Given that $\csc \theta = \frac{\sqrt{6}}{2}$, use definitions or identities to find the exact value of the remaining five trigonometric functions of the acute angle θ .

$$\sin \theta = \frac{2}{\sqrt{6}} = \frac{2\sqrt{6}}{6} = \frac{\sqrt{6}}{3}$$

$$\csc \theta = \frac{\sqrt{6}}{2}$$



$$\cos \theta = \frac{\sqrt{2}}{\sqrt{6}} = \sqrt{\frac{2}{6}} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{3}} = \frac{\sqrt{3}}{3}$$

$$\sec \theta = \sqrt{3}$$

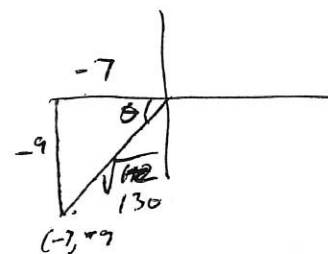
$$\tan \theta = \frac{2}{\sqrt{2}} = \frac{2\sqrt{2}}{2} = \sqrt{2}$$

$$\cot \theta = \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}$$

2. Find the six trigonometric functions given the point $(-7, -9)$

$$\sin \theta = \frac{-9}{\sqrt{130}} = \frac{-9\sqrt{130}}{130}$$

$$\csc \theta = \frac{-\sqrt{130}}{9}$$



$$\cos \theta = \frac{-7}{\sqrt{130}} = \frac{-7\sqrt{130}}{130}$$

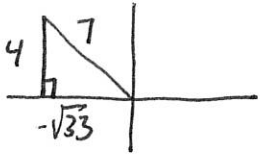
$$\sec \theta = \frac{-\sqrt{130}}{7}$$

$$\tan \theta = \frac{9}{7}$$

$$\cot \theta = \frac{7}{9}$$

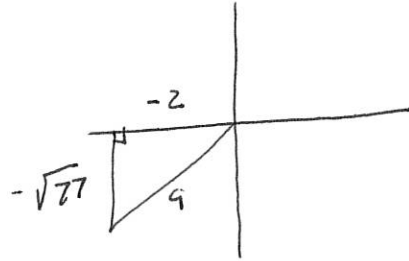
Given the following information, find the exact value of the trigonometric function

3. $\csc \theta = \frac{7}{4}$ and $\tan \theta < 0$ find $\cos \theta$



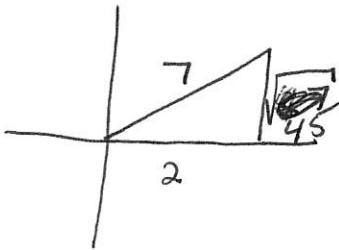
~~cos~~ $\cos \theta = \frac{-\sqrt{33}}{7}$

4. $\sec \theta = \frac{9}{-2}$ and $\tan \theta > 0$ find $\cot \theta$



$\cot \theta = \frac{2}{\sqrt{27}}$

5. $\cos \theta = \frac{2}{7}$ and $\cot > 0$ find $\tan \theta$



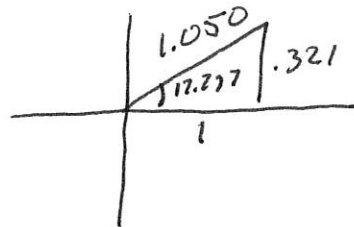
$\tan \theta = \frac{\sqrt{45}}{2}$

Use a calculator to find each value. Round your answer to 3 decimal places then draw the triangle that corresponds to value given to you by the calculator.

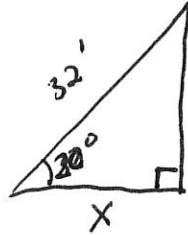
6. $\sin 234^\circ = \text{~~0.809~~ } -0.809$



7. $\tan^{-1}(0.321) = 17.797^\circ$



8. A 32-foot ladder is leaning against the side of a building. If the ladder makes an angle of 20° with the side of the building, how far is the bottom of the ladder from the base of the building? Round your answer to the hundredths place.



$$\cos 20^\circ = \frac{X}{32}$$

$$X = 32 \cos 20^\circ$$

$$X = 30.07 \text{ ft}$$

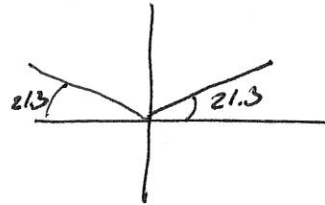
Solve the equation between $0 \leq \theta < 360$. Round your answers to the nearest tenth.

9. $\sin \theta = .364$

$$\sin^{-1}(.364) = \theta$$

$$\theta = 21.3^\circ$$

$$180 - 21.3 = 158.7^\circ$$



Solve the equation between $0 \leq \theta < 360$ by finding the exact angles.

10. $\cos 2\theta = \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}$

$$2\theta = 30^\circ$$

$$\theta = 15^\circ$$

$$2\theta = 330^\circ$$

$$\theta = 165^\circ$$

$$2\theta = 390^\circ$$

$$\theta = 195^\circ$$

$$2\theta = 690^\circ$$

$$\theta = 345^\circ$$