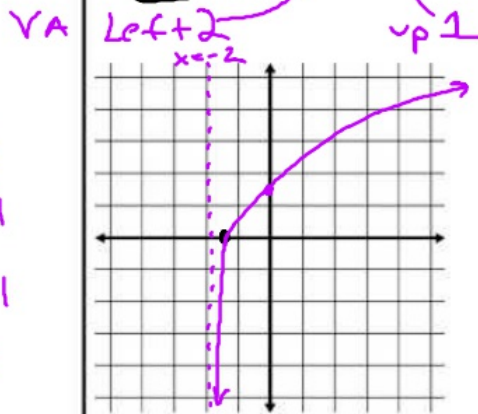


Describe how to transform the graph of $y = \ln x$ into the graph of the given function. Sketch the graph by hand.

a) $g(x) = \ln(x+2) + 1$



1) Determine the vertical asymptotes
 $x = -2$

2) Determine the x-intercept ($y=0$)
 $y = \ln(x+2) + 1$
 $x = e^{-1} - 2 = -1.632$

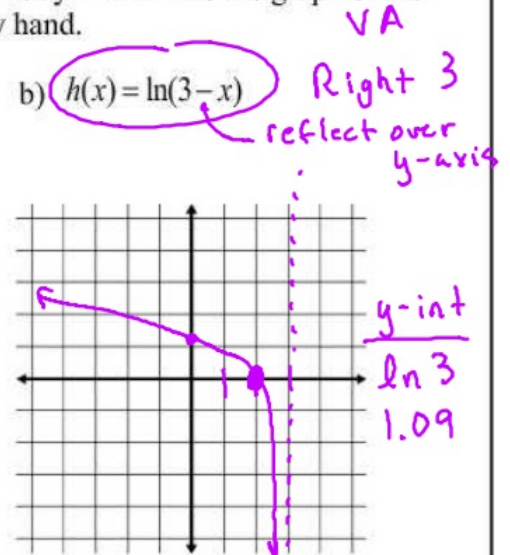
3) Determine the domain and range
 $D: (-2, \infty)$ $R: (-\infty, \infty)$

4) Intervals of Increase or Decrease
Inc $(-2, \infty)$

5) Determine the end behavior
Left $\lim_{x \rightarrow -2} f(x) = -\infty$
Right $\lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} f(x) = \infty$

6) Intervals of Concavity
Down $(-2, \infty)$

b) $h(x) = \ln(3-x)$



1) Determine the vertical asymptotes
 $x = 3$

2) Determine the x-intercept
 $y = \ln(3-x)$
 $0 = \ln(3-x)$
 $e^0 = 3-x$
 $1 = 3-x$
 $-3 = -x$
 $-2 = -x$
 $x = 2$

3) Determine the domain and range
 $D: (-\infty, 3)$ $R: (-\infty, \infty)$

4) Intervals of Increase or Decrease
Dec: $(-\infty, 3)$

5) Determine the end behavior
Left $\lim_{x \rightarrow -\infty} f(x) = +\infty$
Right $\lim_{x \rightarrow +3} f(x) = -\infty$

6) Intervals of Concavity
Down $(-\infty, 3)$

y-int ($x=0$)
 $\ln(0+2) + 1$
 $\ln(2) + 1$
1.693

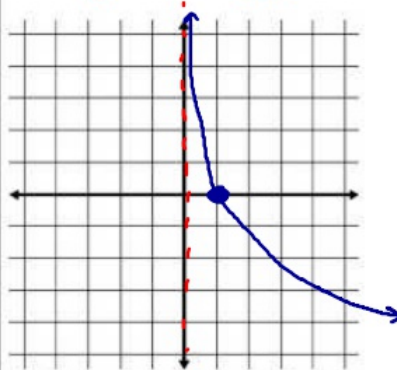
$0 = \ln(x+2) + 1$
 $-1 = \ln(x+2)$
 $e^{-1} = x+2$

Left
Right

Describe how to transform the graph of $y = \ln x$ into the graph of the given function. Sketch the graph by hand.

a) $g(x) = -3 \log x$

$y = -3 \log_{10} x$



1) Determine the vertical asymptotes

$x = 0$

2) Determine the x-intercept

$$\begin{aligned} 0 &= -3 \log_{10} x \\ \frac{0}{-3} &= \frac{-3 \log_{10} x}{-3} \\ 0 &= \log_{10} x \end{aligned}$$

3) Determine the domain and range

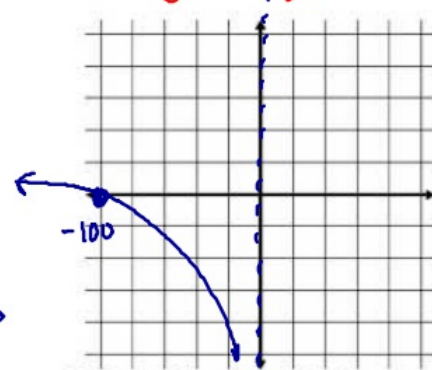
4) Intervals of Increase or Decrease

5) Determine the end behavior

6) Intervals of Concavity

b) $h(x) = \log(-x) - 2$

$y = \log_{10}(-x) - 2$



1) Determine the vertical asymptotes

$x = 0$

2) Determine the x-intercept

$$\begin{aligned} 0 &= \log_{10}(-x) - 2 \\ 2 &= \log_{10}(-x) \end{aligned} \rightarrow \begin{aligned} 10^2 &= -x \\ 100 &= -x \\ -100 &= x \end{aligned}$$

3) Determine the domain and range

4) Intervals of Increase or Decrease

5) Determine the end behavior

6) Intervals of Concavity

$10^0 = x$
 $1 = x$

