

Limit Scavenger Hunt

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 1} e^{x^3 - x} =$$

$$\frac{-1}{36}$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow -3} \frac{x^2 - 9}{x^2 + 2x - 3} =$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 1^+} \frac{x^2 - 9}{x^2 + 2x - 3} =$$

$$\frac{3}{2}$$

$$\lim_{r \rightarrow 9} \frac{\sqrt{r}}{(r - 9)^4} =$$

$-\infty$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 8^-} \frac{|x - 8|}{x - 8} =$$

∞

$$13. \lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \frac{1+2x-x^2}{1-x+2x^2} =$$

-1

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow -\infty} \frac{5x^3 - x^2 + 2}{2x^3 + x - 3} =$$

$$\frac{-1}{2}$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow -2} e^{-3x} =$$

$\frac{5}{2}$

$$\lim_{\nu \rightarrow -\infty} \frac{4 - 2\nu}{|4 - \nu|}$$

e^6

$$\text{Let } f(x) = \begin{cases} \sqrt{-x} & \text{if } x < 0 \\ 3 - x & \text{if } 0 \leq x < 3 \\ (x - 3)^2 & \text{if } x > 3 \end{cases}$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} f(x)$$

$$\text{Let } f(x) = \begin{cases} \sqrt{-x} & \text{if } x < 0 \\ 3 - x & \text{if } 0 \leq x < 3 \\ (x - 3)^2 & \text{if } x > 3 \end{cases}$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 3} f(x)$$

Does Not Exist

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{\frac{1}{6+x} - \frac{1}{6}}{x}$$

0